

# UMZIMVUBU LOCAL MUNICIPALITY



**UMZIMVUBU**  
— LOCAL MUNICIPALITY —

## LEAVE POLICY

# MUNICIPAL LEAVE POLICY

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## **1. BACKGROUND**

The Municipality recognizes a need to have its own Leave Policy which directs the employees as to how should they apply for leave and when can it be granted or declined. This policy has to be in line with the Conditions of Services and also the Basic Conditions of Employment. Employees need to have a rest from their daily tasks or when they are not feeling well or when they have to do their own personal things outside work.

## **2. PURPOSE OF THIS POLICY**

- 2.1 To ensure that leave is taken by all the employees accordingly.
- 2.2 To eliminate potential or suspected abuse of leave by ensuring that before leave is taken proper procedures have been followed.
- 2.3 To ensure that employees apply for leave on the prescribed form.
- 2.4 The Head of Department must approve the leave application.
- 2.5 The onus is on the employee to ensure that he/ she has sufficient leave available.

## **3. LEGAL FRAMEWORK AND REQUIREMENTS**

- 3.1 This policy is premised from the relevant provisions of the Basic Conditions of Employment Act (75 of 1997);
- 3.2 It also derives its legitimacy from the Municipal Structures Act (117 of 1998), the Municipal Systems Act (32 of 2000);
- 3.3 This policy will be implemented in terms of the objects of other relevant sister policies within the Municipality.
- 3.4 This policy is implemented in furtherance of the spirit of the Labour Relations Act (66 of 1995).

## **4. APPLICATION OF THIS POLICY**

- 4.1 This Policy shall apply to all Contract and Permanent Municipal employees
- 4.2 This policy *is also applicable* to the trainees attached to the municipality

## **5. CLASSIFICATION OF LEAVE**

- 4.1 Leave of absence from duty on working days shall be classified as follows:
  - (a) Annual Leave
  - (b) Special Leave
  - (c) Sick Leave
  - (d) Maternity Leave
  - (e) Family responsibility Leave
  - (f) Study Leave
  - (g) Injury on duty Leave
  - (h) Time off

(i) Long service leave can only be enched on termination of employees services

## **6 APPLICATION AND APPROVAL OF LEAVE**

- 6.1 All applications for leave shall be captured on Employee Self Service, except for trainees and temporal employees they can be writing on the forms/**leave book/s** supplied by the Municipality.
- 6.2 Annual leave application must be submitted to an immediate superior/designee at least **5** calendar days before commencement of leave, this rule may be waived in the case of annual leave of an occasional nature not exceeding 3 days, or in case of emergency, a shorter notice will be acceptable.
- 6.3 *Approval or non-approval of leave application shall be done within 3 working days after leave application has been received and such should be communicated to the applicant*
- 6.4 Under normal circumstances no employee shall commence any leave other than IOD / sick leave prior to approval of leave request by the Manager, however if extra ordinary circumstances occur, a leave applied for after coming back from that occasion of absence of leave shall not be unreasonably declined by the Municipality.
- 6.5 *An employee who commences sick leave but due to extra ordinary circumstances cannot report for work for prior approval shall ensure that such is communicated to his/her immediate supervisor or Manager*
- 6.6 A medical certificate must be submitted together with the sick leave application.
- 6.7 *A medical certificate with the sick leave application must be submitted on the day the Employee resumes duties after his/her sick leave, for approval by the Manager.*
- 6.8 Change of address shall be communicated in advance.
- 6.9 All applications shall be lodged with immediate supervisor, and the immediate supervisor shall recommend leave request within two days of receipt, failing which, consequence management shall to the supervisor who fail to recommend or approve leave, on submission of sufficient evidence.
- 6.10 The Municipal Manager may approve an application for leave of absence by a person directly accountable to him / her.
- 6.11 Leave of absence for the Municipal Manager shall be granted by the Mayor or Designee in the absence or non-availability of the Mayor.
- 6.12 Managers shall approve all types of leave with the exception of special leave for employees falling within their respective departments.
- 6.13 Middle Managers shall recommend approval of all types of leave of absence with the exception of special leave for employees directly reporting to them for employees falling within their respective departments.
- 6.14 Managers shall recommend all types of special leave other than the examination & study leave for employees falling within their respective departments, for approval by the Municipal Manager.

- 6.15 Immediate supervisor/s if different from the middle manager concerned of a particular employee shall sign/acknowledge the employee's intended leave, prior to the leave application forwarded for recommendation by the middle Manager.
- 6.16 Leave of absence, with the exception of sick leave, maternity leave or IOD leave, is subject to the Municipality's operational requirements and is only valid after having been approved.
- 6.17 Operational requirements of the municipality shall not be used as a basis for unfairly denying leave to employees especially when there are predetermined arrangements.
- 6.18 Manager shall recommend special leave for employees enrolled under the Employee Assistance Programme (EAP), falling within their respective departments for the approval of MM

## **7. LEAVE RECORD AND CANCELLATION**

### **7.1 Leave Records**

- 7.1.1 Any leave of absence due, granted and taken shall be recorded in a leave register entrusted to the Human Resource Department, and an employee shall have access to his / her leave record at all reasonable times during office hours.
- 7.1.2 The superiors of the employee shall have free access to inspect the records of the employees under their control.
- 7.1.3 All leave days shall be reconciled by Human Resource Division on a quarterly basis.

### **7.2 Cancellation of Leave**

- 7.2.1 Leave of absence granted to an employee, with the exception of sick leave, maternity leave, IOD leave may be cancelled, postponed or interrupted at any time by the Manager concerned, should this be deemed necessary in the interests of the Municipality, and as such an employee shall be compensated by the Municipality for irrecoverable expenses or obligations entered into by him / her before he / she was notified of the postponement, cancellation or interruption.
- 7.2.2 Proof of any such irrecoverable expenses referred to in clause 7.2.1 shall be upon onus of the employee.
- 7.2.3 An employee who is recalled while on leave, shall be entitled to take the non- expired portion of his leave at a later date, as may be arranged.
- 7.2.4 If an employee, whose leave of absence is interrupted, has to travel in order to resume his duties, any reasonable expenses, with due consideration of the circumstances, for the journey there and back, shall be paid and he / she shall be deemed to be on duty during any time spent travelling.
- 7.2.5 Any cancellation or postponement of leave shall be notified to the employee in writing:
- 7.2.6 Notwithstanding any compelling circumstances, the municipality may not postpone any leave due to any employee for an indefinite period.

7.2.7 Any leave or portion of leave granted to an employee may be cancelled at his/ her request at any time before he proceeds on leave, or the period for such leave as if it was not taken and he / she shall be credited in the leave register with any leave not taken.

## **8. LEAVE CREDIT IN THE EVENT OF AN EMPLOYEE'S TERMINATION OF SERVICE**

- 8.1 Should services of the employee be terminated after leave has been granted to Him/ her, any unused leave shall be placed to his / her credit.
- 8.2 Approved annual leave falling within the period of serving a notice of termination shall become null and void with immediate effect.
- 8.3 Annual Leave other than sick leave cannot be taken during the notice period for termination of service.

## **9. RESUMPTION OF SERVICE FROM ANNUAL LEAVE**

- 9.1 Employee cannot voluntarily resume duty before the full period of such leave has expired unless he/she receives permission by the HOD before or is due to operational requirements.
- 9.2 After resumption of service an employee shall be expected to work for the duration of the annual leave cycle however annual leave of occasional nature may be taken from time to time as and when necessary.

## **10. LEAVE GRANTED IN ERROR**

- 10.1 If more leave than that which is due to the employee has been granted to him in error, but in good faith, and taken by him, such leave granted in excess shall be deducted from any leave due to him at a later date.
- 10.2 If such employee for any reason whatsoever, should leave the service of the Municipality before having the necessary leave to his credit to make such deduction possible, the value of such leave taken in excess shall be deducted from any salary or moneys due to him / her.

## **11. TERMINATION OF SERVICES**

- 11.1 When the services of an employee have been terminated for whatsoever reason, a transaction by transaction audit of the annual leave shall be done for the purpose of verifying the accuracy and correctness of the balance of annual leave.

## **12. PERIODICAL LEAVE AUDIT**

- 12.1 Leave shall be audited by the municipality on a periodical basis in order to verify accuracy and correctness of leave records.
- 12.2 Should errors be found they will be rectified and affected employees shall be informed accordingly.

## **13. LEAVE ENTITLEMENTS**

- 13.1 Leave entitlements shall be governed by the conditions of services and in case where a particular type of leave is not covered by the conditions of services, this policy shall be of effect.
- 13.2 Anything mentioned in this policy is auxiliary to the conditions of service and where there is contradiction, the conditions of service shall prevail over this policy.





- 15.3 An employee who has been granted a maximum available period of sick leave and who when this has expired, is still not fit to perform his duties properly by reason of poor health, may be granted a further period of sick leave with or without pay or half pay at the discretion of the municipality and on the production of satisfactory medical evidence that further leave is required, provided that whatever vacation leave due has been used up.
- 15.4 An employee granted sick leave on half pay or without pay in terms of this policy may elect to apply for medical boarding.
- 15.5 If, during his vacation leave, an employee develops indisposition or contracts a disease not due to his willfulness or negligence, and produces a certificate from a registered medical practitioner stating that the nature of the disease or complaint was such as to make it essential for the employee not to attend work in order to recover, the number of working days of such period of the annual leave for which the employee was thus required to recover, shall be converted into sick leave, and his annual leave shall be credited with a number of days referred to.
- 15.6 An application for sick leave of more than two consecutive working days shall be supported by a medical certificate.
- 15.7 The municipality may at any time, cause an employee thus applying for sick leave to be examined by the Municipality Medical Officer or Health practitioner or a registered practitioner appointed by the municipality.
- 15.8 The Manager or the Municipal Manager shall not require a medical certificate to be produced in support of an application for sick leave for a period of two consecutive working days or less.
- 15.9 The sick leave policy provided for herein are intended to cover only the period during which an employee is prevented from performing his / her duties because he /she is confined to his / her residence, hospital, nursing institution, sanatorium or other similar place, by reason of a disease and in cases of serious complaints and for such reasonable period thereafter as his/ her medical advisors may deem necessary for him to recover in order to resume his duties.
- 15.10 Sick leave shall not be granted to employees who, in the opinion of the Council's Medical Officer of Health , suffer from any minor disease or complaint which should not in the ordinary course of events, prevent an employee from performing his/her duties.
- 15.11 Sick leave shall be granted only in respect of a complaint, disease or injury not caused by unhealthy or immoral ways of living, participation in sport for monetary reward and for money prizes or resulting from the employee's own serious or wilful misconduct.
- 15.12 Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, no sick leave amounting to more than half a day shall be granted to an employee and any absence of an employee for the duration of less than half a day shall not be recorded as sick leave.
- 15.13 Should an employee be found guilty of abuse of sick leave in a departmental or disciplinary enquiry, a penalty of unpaid sick leave for the period of absence concerned or any other sanction may be imposed on the employee in question.

- 15.14 If an employee is absent from duty as a result of illness for a continuous period of more than 6 months and the full recovery of the employee is questionable according to the medical reports, the Human Resources Department may arrange either for the appointment of a Medical Council in accordance with the statute of the Pension Fund / Provident Fund with a view to consider retirement owing to lasting medical disability of the employee concerned, or that sick leave be granted for at most two further periods of not more than three months each, following which a Medical Council shall be appointed on condition that, if the physician is of the opinion at an early stage that the employee is going to remain medically unfit permanently, the matter shall be referred (without delay) to the relevant Pension / Provident Fund.
- 15.15 Taking of sick leave in lieu of unpaid maternity leave shall be permissible on condition that a medical certificate is issued by a registered medical practitioner for a specified number of days.
- 15.16 When an employee is treated via the EAP the first 14 (fourteen) days absent from work will not be taken from his/her sick leave
- 15.17 Should an employee relapses all costs for treatment and time-off will be at his/her own expense

## **16. SPECIAL LEAVE**

Special leave will be granted:-

- 16.1 When subpoenaed to appear as a witness in Court, for the period he/she is required to be present in Court and a minimum period it takes to travel to and from Court;
- 16.2 For purposes of isolation on the instruction of a doctor in cases where a member of his family has contracted an infectious disease, or where such employee has been in close contact with any person who has contracted an infectious or contagious disease, or if it is suspected that he/she suffers from such disease;
- 16.3 For the purpose of quarantine/ isolation as per declared regulations of the country due to infectious diseases.
- 16.4 Where he/she is unable to perform his/her duties as a result of an accident to which the provisions of the Compensation for Occupational Injuries and Diseases Act of 1993 (Act 130 of 1993), or any amendment thereof are applicable, or which is covered by the Council's Insurance Regulation in respect of employees not being workers within the meaning of the Act (notwithstanding anything contained in the latter's contract of service with the Council), for the period during which he is unable to perform his/her duties: Provided that any workmen's compensation accruing to such employee shall be paid to the Council.
- 16.5 Under Exceptional circumstances for any purposes not provided for in this policy and for such periods and on such conditions as the municipality may prescribe from time to time.
- 16.6 Any Special leave shall not exceed 20 working days in an annual leave cycle and the limitations excludes contents of clauses number 15.1, 15.2 and 15.3 above.
- 16.7 Application for special leave other than the examination & study leave shall be bona fide and must be approved by the Municipal Manager, as per clause 6.11 and shall not be unreasonably refused.

16.8 Exigencies of the service must be taken into consideration and supporting documents where required must be provided with the application for a special leave.

## **17. EXAMINATION AND STUDY LEAVE**

17.1 *Applications for Study leave must be done by the employee studying 10 working days before attendance of tutorials or block classes or examinations*

17.2 Applications for study leave for examinations must be accompanied by written notification by the institution concerned of the specific day on which the examination shall be written.

17.3 Special leave for studies shall be granted as follows: one (1) working day per examination paper in order to prepare for examinations and 1 working day per examination paper on the date of examination, if the examination date is on a Monday, or a day after the Public Holiday, the applicant will be entitled to one day for writing the exams only, up to maximum of no more than 21 days study leave in total per annum.

17.4 After the examination, applicants must submit written proof of the results of the examination that has been written when studies are funded by the municipality.

17.5 If an applicant fails to do so, the days concerned will be debited against the applicant's own annual leave or be converted into leave without pay where no vocational leave is available.

17.6 Applicants who are funding their own studies will not be obliged to comply with Clause 17.4 but the applicant will be obliged to submit proof of attendance of examination, tutorials or block sessions

17.7 Employees shall be granted special study leave for attendance of tutorials or block classes as prescribed by the academic institution on a 50:50 basis that is a special study leave day for one annual leave day taken for attendance of tutorials or block classes in each academic year subject to submission of a written official notification from the academic institution concerned.

17.8 Other matters pertaining to the study arrangements for employees are dealt with in the employee Training and Skills Development Policy of the municipality.

## **18. MATERNITY LEAVE**

18.1. In terms of the provisions of the Basic Conditions of Employment Act, (Act 75 of 1997) and Conditions of Services:

18.1.1. An employee is entitled to at least three (3) consecutive months' maternity leave with pay and the fourth (4<sup>th</sup>) month without pay.

18.1.2. An employee who has not yet completed one year of services within the municipality is entitled to six weeks maternity leave.

18.2 An employee is to submit the Expected Date of Delivery Medical Certificate to the Employer at least two months prior to the commencement of maternity leave

18.3 An employee may commence maternity leave:

18.3.1 at any time from four weeks before the expected date of birth, unless otherwise agreed; or

18.3.2 on a date from which a medical practitioner or a midwife certifies that it is necessary for the employee's health or that of her unborn child.

18.4 No employee may work for six weeks after the birth of her child, unless a medical practitioner or midwife certifies that she is fit to do so.

18.5 An employee who has a miscarriage during the third trimester of pregnancy or bears a stillborn child is entitled to maternity leave for six weeks after the miscarriage or stillbirth, whether or not the employee had commenced maternity leave at the time of the miscarriage or stillbirth.

18.6.1 An employee must notify an employer in writing, unless the employee is unable to do so, on the date on which the employee intends to:-

- i) commence maternity leave; and
- ii) return to work after maternity leave.

#### **18.6 Parental Leave**

18.6.2 An employee, who is a parent of a child, is entitled to at least ten consecutive days parental leave. An employee may commence parental leave on

- i) the day that the employee's child is born; or
- ii) the date that the adoption order is granted; or
- iii) that a child is placed in the care of a prospective adoptive parent by a competent court, pending the finalisation of an adoption order in respect of that child, whichever date occurs first.

18.6.3 An employee must notify an employer in writing, unless the employee is unable to do so, of the date on which the employee intends to—

- i) commence parental leave; and
- ii) return to work after parental leave.

18.6.4 Notification in terms of subsection 18.6.3 must be given: (a) at least one month before the:

- i) employee's child is expected to be born; or
- ii) date referred to in 18.6.3, if it is not reasonably practicable to do so, as soon as is reasonably practicable.

18.6.5 The payment of parental benefits will be determined by the Minister subject to the provisions of the Unemployment Insurance Act, 2001

18.7 Notification in terms of subsection 18.5 must be given -

18.7.1 at least four weeks before the employee intends to commence maternity leave; or  
18.7.2 if it is not reasonably practicable to do so, as soon as is reasonably practicable.

### **18.7.3 Adoption Leave**

i) An employee, who is an adoptive parent of a child who is below the age of two, is subject to Clause 18.7.1 entitled to adoption leave of at least ten weeks consecutively;  
or

ii) the parental leave referred to in section 18.6

18.7.4 An employee may commence adoption leave on the date

(a) That the adoption order is granted; or

(b) That a child is placed in the care of a prospective adoptive parent by a competent court, pending the finalisation of an adoption order in respect of that child, whichever date occurs first.

18.7.5 An employee must notify an employer in writing, unless the employee is unable to do so, of the date on which the employee intends to:

(a) commence adoption leave; and

(b) return to work after adoption leave.

18.7.6 Notification in terms of clause 18.7.5 must be given: (a) at least one month before the date referred to in clause 18.7.5 (a); or (b) if it is not reasonably practicable to do so, as soon as is reasonably practicable.

18.7.7 The payment of adoption benefits will be determined by the Minister subject to the provisions of the Unemployment Insurance Act, 2001 (Act No. 63 of 2001).

18.7.8 If an adoption order is made in respect of two adoptive parents, one of the adoptive parents may apply for adoption leave and the other adoptive parent may apply for the parental leave referred to in Clause 18.6, provided that the selection of choice must be exercised at the option of the two adoptive parents

18.7.9 If a competent court orders that a child is placed in the care of two prospective adoptive parents, pending the finalisation of an adoption order in respect of that child, one of the prospective adoptive parents may apply for adoption leave and the other prospective adoptive parent may apply for the parental leave referred to in Clause 18.6, provided that the selection of choice must be exercised at the option of the two prospective adoptive parents.

**18.7.10 Commissioning parental leave**- an employee, who is a commissioning parent in a surrogate motherhood agreement is, subject to Clause 18.8.6, entitled to:  
commissioning parental leave of at least ten weeks consecutively; or the parental leave referred to in Clause 18.6

18.7.11 An employee may commence commissioning parental leave on the date a child is born as a result of a surrogate motherhood agreement

18.7.12 An employee must notify an employer in writing, unless the employee is unable to do so, of the date on which the employee intends to:

- (a) commence commissioning parental leave; and
- (b) return to work after commissioning parental leave

18.7.13 Notification in terms of clause 18.7.12 must be given:

(a) at least one month before a child is expected to be born as a result of a surrogate motherhood agreement; or

(b) if it is not reasonably practicable to do so, as soon as is reasonably practicable.

18.8 Ante- and Post Natal Care:-

18.8.1 All pregnant female employees may, within the first 7 months of pregnancy be granted 1 day every 4 weeks, without loss of salary, to attend a clinic or visit a doctor.

18.8.2 During the last 2 months of pregnancy she may visit a clinic or doctor twice every 4 weeks without loss of salary on a pre-arranged sick leave.

18.8.3 Where clinics attended are on the premises or within the vicinity of the municipal premises, the employee must return to work immediately after being attended to at the Clinic.

18.8.4 The payment of commissioning parental benefits will be determined by the Minister subject to the provisions of the Unemployment Insurance Act, (Act No. 63 of 2001).

18.8.5 If a surrogate motherhood agreement has two commissioning parents, one of the commissioning parents may apply for commissioning parental leave and the other commissioning parent may apply for the parental leave referred to in Clause 18.6, provided that the selection of choice must be exercised at the option of the two commissioning parents

18.9 An employee to whom maternity leave with remuneration has been granted for maternity purposes and who leaves the municipality within 12 months from the date of expiry of such leave, shall be responsible for the reimbursement of all salary payments made by the municipality during such leave.

18.10 In the event of an employee who has been in the service of the municipality for a period of less than 12 months, on the date of commencement of maternity leave, such employee shall be responsible for the payment of all employee benefits, contributions, with the exclusion of the municipality's contributions.

18.11 Maternity leave for senior managers or sec 56/57 managers shall be dealt with in terms of the provisions of the Local Government Regulations on appointment and employment conditions, as gazette on 14 January 2014.

## **19. PATERNITY LEAVE**

19.1 There shall be no paternity leave provided by the municipality to any person.

19.2 Paternity leave related to responsibilities will be taken care of under the provisions of the family responsibility leave.

## **20. FAMILY RESPONSIBILITY LEAVE**

20.1 This section applies to:-

20.1.1 an employee who has been in employment with the municipality for longer than four months; and

20.1.2 who works for at least four days a week for the Municipality.

20.2 An employer must grant an employee, during each annual leave cycle, at the request of the employee, five days' paid leave, which the employee is entitled to take in terms of the conditions of services –

20.2.1 when the employee's child is born;

20.2.2 when the employee's child is sick; or

20.2.3 in the event of the death of :

- (i) the employee's spouse/ life partner is sick, and a proof that confirm life partner be attached, as prescribed on the Main Collective agreement and be registered with Home Affairs or
- (ii) the employee's parent, adoptive parent, grandparent, child, adopted child, grandchild or sibling.

20.3 Subject to subsection 20.5 below, an employer must pay an employee for a day's family responsibility leave:-

20.3.1 the wage the employee would ordinarily have received for work on that day; and

20.3.2 on the employee's usual pay day.

20.4 An employee may take family responsibility leave in respect of the whole or a part of a day.

20.5 Before paying an employee for leave in terms of this section, the Municipality reserves a right to require reasonable proof of an event contemplated in subsection 20.2 above, for which the leave was required.

20.6 An employee's unused entitlement to leave in terms of this section lapses at the end of the annual leave cycle in which it accrues.

20.7 A collective agreement may vary the number of days and the circumstances under which leave is to be granted in terms of this section.

## **21. LEAVE WITHOUT PAY**

21.1 In the following circumstances an employee will be subjected to leave without pay:

21.1.1 If he/she /family member fails to inform his Supervisor of his absence within two hours of the employee's clocking time

21.1.2 Disappears from his workstation for more than two hours without notifying the Supervisors

21.1.3 Failure to report for duty subject to confirmation with the immediate Superior

21.1.4 Unauthorized leave



21.1.5 Incarceration

21.1.6 Alleged Intoxication on duty which will lead to the employee being turned away from work.

21.2 Leave pay will be calculated in terms of the provisions of section 21 and 35 of the Basic Conditions of Employment Act, 75 of 1997 as illustrated in clause 20.3 below.

21.3 If the annual leave of an employee has been used in full, the municipality may, at its discretion, grant leave without pay to such employee, provided that no period of leave without pay shall affect the period of service of the employee.

21.4 The amount to be deducted from the salary of an employee taking leave without pay, shall be calculated on the following basis:

Annual salary divided by twelve (months)  
Answer divided by 4.33 (weeks)  
Answer divided by 5 (days)  
Answer equals to daily rate

21.5 any leave without pay shall be recorded in the unpaid leave register.

21.6 The person with the powers to approve Leave without pay is the MM. The following factors will be taken into account when granting leave without pay.

- Operational Requirements
- The reason for the request
- Length of service
- Work performance
- Attendance history
- Period of leave without pay required.

## **22. CALCULATION OF LEAVE**

22.1 In order to calculate any leave and the value of the annual leave in terms of this leave provision it shall be accepted that all employees work a five day week.

22.2 Any leave is calculated to include the first workday of leave and to exclude the workday on which duty is resumed.

22.3 An employee who commences employment before or on the 15<sup>th</sup> day of the month shall accrue a full month's allocation, should he /she leave the employ of the municipality before the end of a 12-month period.

22.4 An employee who commences employment before the 15<sup>th</sup> day of the month shall not accrue any monthly annual leave allocation should she /he leave the service of the municipality before the end of a 12-month period.

22.5 Annual leave shall be paid for in terms of the requirements of Section 35 (5) of the Basic Conditions of Employment Act, No 75 of 1997 and any applicable Collective Agreement and/or

Regulation/s.

### 23. MANDATORY TIME OFF CONCESSIONS

23.1 Depending on operational requirements, employees may be allowed time off from 12h00 on the last working day preceding Christmas Day and New Year's Day and Easter Holidays, however, a skeleton staff component has to remain on duty to provide essential services on these days, with the proviso that they will be granted time off at a later date by arrangement with their Supervisor

25.3 Attendance registers and Biometric system shall be taken as the tools to record, monitor or manage the number of hours worked by the individual employee.

## **26. COMMENCEMENT OF THIS POLICY**

26.1 This policy will come into effect on the date of adoption by Council and all the previous adopted policies in this regard shall be repealed.

## **27. INTERPRETATION OF THIS POLICY**

27.1 All words contained in this policy shall have an ordinary meaning attached thereto, unless the definition or context indicates otherwise.

27.2 Any dispute on interpretation of this policy shall be declared in writing by any party concerned.

27.3 The Office of the Municipal Manager shall give a final interpretation of this policy in case of a written dispute.

27.4 If the party concerned is not satisfied with the interpretation, a dispute may then be pursued with the South African Local Government Bargaining Council or Arbitration

## **28. PERMANENT/TEMPORARY WAIVER OR SUSPENSION OF THIS POLICY**

28.1 This policy may be partly or wholly waived or suspended by the Municipal Council on a temporary or permanent basis after consultation with Management and Trade Unions.

28.2 Notwithstanding clause No. 28.1 the Municipal Manager may under circumstances of emergency temporarily waive or suspend this policy subject to reporting of such waiver or suspension to Council and Trade Unions.

## **29. AMENDMENT AND/OR ABOLITION OF THIS POLICY**

This policy may be amended or repealed by the Council after consultation with Management and Trade Unions.

## **30. COMPLIANCE AND ENFORCEMENT**

30.1 Violation of or non-compliance with this policy will give a just cause for disciplinary steps to be taken.

30.2 It will be the responsibility of all Managers, Supervisors, Executive Committee and Council to enforce compliance with this policy.

**APPROVAL OF THE POLICY**

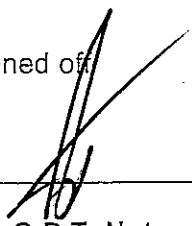
The Municipal Council has approved this policy and amendments thereof.

**AUTHENTICATION**

The amendments of the policy and or the new policy was adopted by the Council on the 29-01-2021.....

As per Council Resolution number ULMC: 359/2020/2021.....

Signed off



Mr. G.P.T. Nota

Municipal Manager



Cllr. N.F Ngonyolo

Speaker of the Council